

Benchmark Capstone Project Change Proposal

NRS 493 Benchmark Capstone Project Change Proposal is an assignment that expects you to exhibit blend and integration of course content and professional practice. You will work with your preceptor to recognize a clinically [NRS 493 Benchmark Capstone Project Change Proposal](#) and nursing practice intervention. Review the relegated study materials and research articles to figure out a PICOT question for your change proposal.

PICOT Question

The PICOT question is an important component of evidence-based nursing. It helps clinicians craft a searchable clinical question, which makes finding relevant scholarly literature easier.

The question should be clearly formulated, so that it can be searched for using databases. It should include patient and population factors, the intervention, and the outcome. Using keywords from each element of the PICOT question can help narrow the search results.

For example, the question could be: "In hospitalized geriatric patients with dementia, does providing [nrs 493 capstone project change proposal presentation](#) activities decrease agitation? (P) compared to providing traditional hospital care (C)?" The question should not include directional words, such as "to" or "from," which will bias the search.

Research Paper

Central line-associated bloodstream infections are among the most common hospital-acquired infections and continue to represent a substantial cost to healthcare facilities. Educational interventions such as best practices, protocols, and education can help to reduce these costs. This capstone change project will investigate the effectiveness of educational interventions in reducing CLABSI. Specifically, [NR501 Importance of Theory in Nursing](#) will determine whether continuing education can assist nurses in becoming confident and skilled in their central line care, aware of all Evidence-Based Practice (EB) interventions for central line care, and compliant in practicing these intervention with barriers removed. This will aid in meeting unit goals for zero CLABSI and improving patient outcomes.

Individual Success Plan

Students will use the Individual Success Plan (ISP) to track their scholarly activity hours and to self-assess how they have met the GCU RN-to-BSN University Mission Critical Competencies and course-specific Domains & Competencies.

Students identify and integrate research data and evidence-based nursing theory into the written comprehensive evidence-based change proposal. During this process, they will also evaluate how the identified potential barriers to plan implementation will be addressed.

Stakeholder support is necessary for the successful implementation of the capstone project change proposal. The student will demonstrate how they will go about securing this support in their final paper, which will include a discussion component.

Activity Tracker

The Activity Tracker in a [NRS 493 Individual Success Plan](#) is a document that provides details regarding the steps to implement the proposed change. It identifies strategies to ensure the success of the project, includes education requirements for involved stakeholders, and discusses external or internal regulations that could affect the project. It also identifies nursing theory and evidence based practice influences on the implementation process. Students must complete this document as part of their coursework for the NR-493 professional capstone and practicum course.

Presentation

Central Line-Associated Bloodstream Infections (CLABSI) are a common hospital-acquired infection (HAI). The goal of this change project is to help prevent CLABSI and meet the unit's gold standard goal of zero infections.

Nursing research has identified some limitations to implementing [nrs 493 topic 1 lopes activity tracker kr](#), including low morale, negativity and variable attitudes among medical personnel. These barriers will be addressed through discussion forums to educate and convince them that the change is necessary and worthwhile. Another limitation is the small sample size in some studies, limiting their generalizability. The present study will overcome this by recruiting a large sample population and focusing on NRT as a single smoking cessation strategy.

More Info:

[Understanding Healthcare Policy](#)